Sikkim Public Service Commission

Main Written Examination for the Post of Sikkim State Civil Service
OPTIONAL PAPER: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT

Time Allowed: 3.00 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 300

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions:-

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to fill in the Roll Number carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the **OMR ANSWER SHEET** as well as on **SEPERATE ANSWER SHEET** for MCQ/SUBJECTIVE PAPER. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet liable for rejection.
- 3. Use only Black Ball Point Pen to fill the OMR sheet
- 4. Do not write anything else on the OMR Answer Sheet except the required information.
- 5. This Test Booklet contains 75 items (questions) in MCQ Mode in Part I to be marked in OMR Sheet and Part II Subjective Questions, which has to be written on seperate answer sheet provided to you.
- 6. All items from 1 to 75 carries 2 mark each.
- 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet (OMR), you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet (OMR) as per given instructions.
- 8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet (OMR) and the examination has concluded, you should hand over the Answer Sheet (OMR) and Seperate answer sheet to the Invigilator only. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
- 9. Marking Scheme

THERE WILL BE NEGATIVE MARKING FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, one-third of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a wrong answer even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to the question.
- (iii) If a question is left blank. i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question.

PAPER-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Part-1: Objective/MCQ

Each question carries 2 marks

1.	Which one of the following is not a type of	of Informal Communication Network?				
	a) Gossip	b) Email				
	c) Probability	d) Cluster				
2.	Which of the following is a suggestion m effectiveness of employees?	ade by Chris Argyris for improving the personal				
	a) Matrix organization	b) Sensitivity training				
	c) Pyramidal structure	d) Modified formal organizational structure				
3.	Who among the following was the Chairr	man of Fourteenth Finance Commission?				
	a) N.K.P. Salve	b) Dr Vijay Kelkar				
	c) Dr Y.V. Reddy	d) Mahavir Tyagi				
4.	Which of the following enjoys the Const	Which of the following enjoys the Constitutions status?				
	(1) Finance Commission	(2) Planning Commission				
	(3) National Development Council	(4) Election Commission				
	a) 2 and 3					
	b) 1 and 4					
	c) 1, 2, 3					
	d) 1, 3 and 4					
5.	Decision making process under Develop	ment Administration is supposed to be –				
	1. Flexible	2. Centralized				
	3. Innovative	4. Rigid				
	Select the correct code:					
	Codes:					
	a) 1. 1, 2					
	b) 2. 1, 3					
	c) 3. 2, 3					
	d) 4. 2, 4					

6.	The members of the Union Public Service misbehaviour by	Commission can be removed on the ground of
	a) Impeachment by Parliament	
	b) The President after an inquiry and verdic	et of the Supreme Court.
	c) The Chairman of the Union Public Servi	ce Commission.
	d) By the President on the recommendation	n of the Cabinet
7.	Who described Maslow and Herzberg Theo	
	a) Hinton	b) Michael Nash
	c) Donald Schewab	d) Herbert Simon
8.	Who propounded the 'Tension Theory'?	
•	a) Mac Farland	b) Harland Cleveland
	c) M.P. Follet	d) J.D. Thompson
9.	Who of the following is not a follower of	Taylorism?
) .	a) M.L.Cooke	b) H.L. Gantt
	c) Harrington Emerson	d) March and Simon
	List 1 (Span of Control)	List 2(Propounders)
	 A. Sir Ian Hamilton B. V.A. Graicunus C. Urwick D. American Management Association Codes: 	 6 Subordinates 3 to 4 Subordinates 9 Subordinates 5 to 6 Subordinates
	A B C D	
	a) 2 1 4 3	
	b) 4 2 1 3	
	c) 2 4 3 1	
	d) 3 4 2 1	
10.	Who is the Vice Chairperson of NitiAyog	?
	a) Bibek Debroy	b) Amitabh Kant
	c) RajNath Singh	d) Arvind Panagariya
11.		(CAG) is known as 'friend, philosopher and guide' to
	a) Estimates Committee	b) Committee of Economic Affairs
	c) Public Accounts Committee	d) Committee on Public Undertakings
		contd

12.	Who authored the book titled 'The Prince	ciples of Organisation"?
	a) Herbert Simon	b) Luther Gulick
	c) J.D. Mooney and Alan C. Reiley	d) Henry Fayol
13.	Which of the following is the first system	natic study on Leadership?
	a) Michigan University Leadership Studi	es
	b) Managerial Grid	
	c) Ohio State University Leadership Stud	dies ::
	d) Iowa University Leadership Studies	**************************************
14.	The term 'Development Administration'	was first coined by:
	a) U.L. Goswami	b) Bata K. Dey
	c) O.P. Dwivedi	d) V.A. Pai Panandiker
15.	Who of the following compared the Dist elephant of the Government of India?	rict Collector to a tortoise on whose back stood the
	a) Sir George Campbell	b) Sir William Wilson
	c) The Imperial Gazetteer of India	d) Ramsay MacDonald
16.	The traditional concept of 'Patronage Bu	ureaucracy' started in which country:
	a) UK	b) USA
	c) France	d) Prussia
17.	Which was the First Country to adopt the principle?	e scientific system of recruitment based on the merit
	a)USA	b) Italy
	c) China	d) India
18.	The concept of "Charismatic Authority"	was put forward by
	a) Fredrick Taylor	b) Max Weber
•	c) Herbert Simon	d) Fred Riggs
19.	Which of the following is not the correct	t source of New Public Management?
	a) New Public Administration	b) Public Choice Theory
	c) Managerialism	d) Chicago School of Economics
20.	Who gave the view that Motivation is "th	e core of Management"?
	a) Fred Luthans	b) Abraham Maslow

	c) Rensis Likert	d) Fredrick Herzberg
21.	"Hierarchy is the linchpin that locks the form	n." Who said it?
	a) Henry Fayol	b) Urwick and Gullick
	c) Mooney and Reiley	d) Earl Latham
22.	"The politics – administration dichotomy is a stereotype in the minds of theorists and p	a misleading distinction which has become a fetish, practitioners alike." Who said this?
	a) Herbert Simon	b) Paul H. Appleby
	c) Carl J. Friedrich	d) Dwight Waldo
23.	The Pendleton Act of 1883 provided for:	
	a) Merit recruitment	b) Open examination
	c) Anti-elitist exam	d) Rank classification
24.	Who views Public Administration is the art of the State:	and science of management as applied to the affairs
	a) D. Waldo	b) P. M. Queeh
	c) John Veig	d) Herald Koontz
25.	Taylor's scientific management concept is	supported by:
	a) New outlook	b) Mental revolution
	c) Great revolution	d) New mindset
26.	The advocacy of "Human Relation—behavior is known as, the era of:	oural approach" to the study of Public Administration
	a) Politics-Administrative Dichotomy	b) Crises of Identifying
	c) Modern Administration	d) Era of Challenges
27.	The adherence to the rules results in the "d value becomes traditional value – who said	isplacement of goals" whereby an instrumental it?
	a) Robert K. Merton	b) Alvin Gouldner
	c) Simon and Bernard	d) Peter M. Blau
28.	Whitley Councils were introduced in India	for the first time on the recommendation of:
	a) Administrative Reforms Commission	b) Second Pay Commission
	c) First Pay Commission	d) Third Pay Commission
29.	The posting of an IAS probationer is decide	ed by:
	a) Chief Minister of the State	
	b) Central Ministry of Personnel	
	c) Director of LBS National Academy of A	
		6 - Contd

	u) Chief Secretary of state			
30.	Which one of the following is not a part of H	lawthorne studies of Elton Mayo?		
	a) First Inquiry	b) Great Illumination		
	c) Bank wiring Experiment	d) Interview Programming		
31.	"Development Administration is concerned statement was made by	with maximizing innovation for development." This		
	a) F.W. Riggs	b) Edward Weidner		
	c) Saul M. Katz	d) B.B. Schaffer		
32.	'Top-Down Budgeting' is also known as?			
	a) Programme budgeting	b) Zero Based Budgeting		
	c) Target Base Budgeting	d) Performance Budgeting		
33.	Which of the following leadership style, as have total faith in people?	ccording to Rensis Likert, expressed that leaders		
	a) Participative style	b) Exploitative – Authoritative style		
	c) Consultative style	d) Benevolent – Authoritative style		
34.	Preparation of the budget is the responsibi	lity of:		
	a) Department of Revenue	b) Department of Expenditure		
	c) Department of Economic Affairs	d) Department of Budget		
35.	According to Chester Barnard, an organization is			
	(a) Matter of structure			
	(b) pejorative sense of bureaucracy			
	(c) System of consciously coordinated activities			
	(d) figure of organization man			
36.	Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) was set up on the recommendation of:			
	a) Krishan Menon Committee	b) Gorwala Committee		
	c) Administrative Reforms Commission	d) Santhanam Committee		
37.	The incumbent to the post of Chief Secretary is selected by the:			
	a) Cabinet Ministers	b) Governor		
	c) Chief Minister	d) Prime Minister		
38.	The First Minnowbrook Conference was he	eld under whose patronage?		
	a) Dwight Waldo	b) George Frederickson		
	c) Frank Marini	d) Robert T. Golembiewski		

39.	The	first	count	ry in t	he worl	d to introdi	uce the right	t to information was:		
	a) N	Jorwa	y				b) US.	A		
	c) S	wede	n				d) Fin	land		
40.	List	t-I (B	ooks)				* .	List-II (Authors)		
	A . <i>A</i>	Admir	nistrat	ion: T	he Art a	nd Science	of	1. Frank Marini		
	(Organ	isatio	n and	Manage	ment				
	В. Т	Towar	d a Ne	w Pul	olic			2. Jan-Erick-Lane		
	A	Admir	nistrat	ion: N	/linnow	brook Pers	spective			
	C. N	Makin	g Der	nocra	cy Work			3. Albert Lepawask	i	
	D. I	Public	Adm	inistra	tion and	l Public Ma	anagement	4. Robert D. Putna	m	
		Α	В	C	D					
	a)	1	2	3	4					
	b)	3	1	4	2					
	c)	2	4	3	1					
	d)	4	2	1	3					
41.	Cor	Consider the following statements about Luther Gulick and Urwick:								
	(i) 7	(i) They edited a book entitled 'Papers on Science of Administration'.								
	(ii) Gulick identified the four bases of Departmental Organisations									
	(iii)	(iii)Urwick had written a book entitled 'Elements of Administration'								
	Sele	Select the correct answer by using code given below:								
	Cod	les:								
	A (i) and	(ii)				B (i)	and (iii)		
	C (ii) and	d (iii)				D (i),	, (ii) and (iii)		
42.		recon ain?	nmeno	lation	of whic	h committe	ee Merit Sy	stem was introduced in (Civil Services	in
	a) N	laster	man (Comm	ittee	1	b) Northcot	e-Trevelyan Committee		
	c) F	irst H	[oove	r Com	mittee		d) Assheton	Committee		
43.	Who	o was	de-fa	cto ex	ecutive	head of the	now close	d Planning Commission	?	
	a) P	rime	Minis	ter		. 1	b) Deputy C	Chairman		
	c) H	lome	Minis	ter			d) Finance l	Minister		

44.	Which of the following statements is correct Constitution?	et with regard to the Preamble of the Indian
	1) The Preamble is a source of power to the	e legislature
	2) Preamble is a part of the Constitution	
	3) Preamble cannot be amended	
	4) It is non-justifiable, or it is not enforceal	ole in courts of law.
	Select the correct answer using the code give	ven below:
	a) 2 and 4	
	b) 2 only	
	c) 1, 3 and 4	
	d) 1, 2 and 4	
45.	Which Constitutional Amendment Act is als	so known as 'Mini Constitution'?
	a) 32 nd Constitutional Amendment Act	
	b) 42 nd Constitutional Amendment Act	
	c) 51st Constitutional Amendment Act	· a :
	d) 94th Constitutional Amendment Act	動から Maria Maria
46.	The condition of service of members of All	India Service is determined by:
	a) Union Public Service Commission	b) President
	c) Parliament	d) The Constitution
47.	'Good Governance' and 'Participating Civil Bank Report of	Society for Development' were stressed in World
	a) 1992	b) 1997
	c) 2000	d) 2003
48.	Department of Border Management is a De Ministries?	partment of which one of the following Union
	a) Ministry of Defence	
	b) Ministry of Environment and Forests	
	c) Ministry of Road Transport and Highway	S
	d) Ministry of Home Affairs	
49.	The Staff Selection Commission is	
	a) An 'attached office' under the Ministry of	of Personnel
	b) A 'subordinate office' of the UPSC	

	c) An autonomous body und	er the Ministry of P	ersonnel			
	d) A statutory body under the	UPSC				
50.	Who among the following has expressed the idea 'New Public Management is dead, Long live Digital Era of Governance'?					
	a) Van Slyke, O'Leary and Ki	im b)	Patrick Dunleavy			
	c) Jan Kooiman	d)	Habibullah Wajahat			
51.	Which of the following think	ker has rejected the	principle of "Unity of C	ommand"?		
	a) Peter Drucker	b)	F.W. Taylor			
	c) William Onchi	d).	Abraham Maslow			
52.	Herbert Simon equates admi	nistration with –				
	a) Authority	b)	Domination			
. 4.	c) Decision Making	d).	All of the above			
53.	Who among the following w Administration?	vas in the forefront	in the development of co	oncept of New Public		
	a) Herbert Simon	b)	F. Marini			
	c) Dwight Waldo	d)	H. Fredrickson			
54.	Match the following					
	List I		List II			
	 a. Creative Experience b. Principle of Organization c. Papers on the Science of Industrial & General M 	of Administration	 M.P. Follet Henery Fayol MooneyReiley Gulick&Urwick 			
Opti	ons:-					
	A B C I	D				
	a) 1 3 4 2	2				
	b) 4 2 1 3	3				
	c) 3 1 2 4					
	d) 2 3 4 1	r.				
55.	The transfer of authority from	n central governme	ent to state government i	n India implies-		
	a) Decentralisation		b) Delegation			
	c) Devolution		d) Deconcentration			

56.	The concept of the 'zone of indiffere	ence' is associated with—			
	a) Decision-Making	b) Leadership			
	c) Authority	d) Motivation			
57.	Which of the following is not include of motivation?	ed in 'hygiene' factors in the Herzberg's two-factor theory			
	a) Salary	b) Working conditions			
	c) Company's policy	d) Responsibility			
58.	F. W. Taylor, the founding father of Scientific Management movement propounded the theory which was conceived to be a scientific methodology of—				
	a) Careful observation	b) Measurement			
	c) Generalisation	d) All of these			
59.	The principle of 'span of control' me	The principle of 'span of control' means—			
	a) An employee should receive orde	rs from one superior only			
	b) The number of subordinate emplo	yees that an administrator can effectively direct			
	c) The control or supervision of the	superior over the subordinate			
	d) The number of people being contr	colled			
60.	The 4Ps theory of departmentalization	on as advocated by Luther Gulick are-			
	a) Purpose, process, plan, place				
	b) Place, person, programme, proces	SS			
	c) Purpose, process, place, program	me			
	d) Purpose, process, person, place				
61.	The term 'Performance Budget' was	coined by—			
	a) Administrative Reforms Commission of India				
	b) Second Hoover Commission of U	'SA			
	c) Estimates Committee of India				
	d) First Hoover Commission of USA				
62.	According to the Administrative Re	forms Commission, the financial year should begin on:			
	a) 1st November	b) 1st July			
	c) 1st September	d) 1st January			
63.	The 'spoils system' in the USA bega	n during the period of—			
	a) Jefferson	b) Jackson			
	c) Washington	d) Adams			
		- 11 - Contd			

64.	The present relationship between the provisions of:	the President and the council of ministers is governed by			
A	a) 42nd Amendment Act	b) 48th Amendment Act			
	c) 54th Amendment Act	d) 44th Amendment Act			
65.	Ashok Mehta Committee recomm	nended for the establishment of—			
	a) Nagar Panchayat	b) Panchayat Samiti			
••••	c) Mandal Panchayat	d) Gram Panchayat			
66.	"Officials make work for each other	er." This is said by—			
	a) Peter Drucker	b) Ramsay Muir			
	c) Parkinson	d) H. Finer			
67.	'The focus of classical theory is o	on organisations without people' is said by:			
	a) H. Simon	b) ChrisArgyris			
	c) C.I. Barnard	d) W.Bennis			
68.					
	a) Financial resources of the state Government	e for placing state's requirements before the Union			
	b) Development requirements of the state for formulating State Five Year Plan				
	c) Budgetary requirements of var	ious departments of the state government			
	d) Pattern of distribution of state's bodies (both rural and urban) and	s tax revenue between the state government and local the pattern of grant-in-aid to local bodies			
69.	The Lokayukta and Uplokayuktas A	act was first passed in—			
	a) Maharashtra	b) West Bengal			
	c) Karnataka	d) Orissa			
70.	Which of the following states does	not have Panchayati Raj Institution at all?			
	a) Nagaland	b) Tripura			
	c) Kerala	d) Assam			
71.	"Science of administration is the among the following made this st	latest fruit of the study of the science of politics." Who ratement?			
•	a) Kautilya	b) Woodrow Wilson			
	c) Frank J. Goodnow	d) L.D. White			

72.	Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer by using the codes given below:				
	List – I	List – II			
	(a) Satisficing	1. F.W. Riggs			
	(b) Zone of Indifference	2. Herbert Simon			
	(c) Job Enrichment	3. F.W. Taylor			
	(d) Functional Foremanship	4. C.I. Barnard			
		5. Herzberg			
	Codes:				
	(A) (B) (C) (D)				
	a) 2 4 5 3				
	b) 2 1 4 3				
	c) 1 2 3 4				
	d) 5 2 1 3				
73.	Public Administration and Private A of the following grounds?	dministration are not different from each other on which			
	a) Uniformity of rules and regulation	n. b) Internal financial control			
	c) Ministerial Responsibility	d) Service motive			
74.	Arrange the committees which exam Panchayati Raj in a chronological or	nined the different aspects of the functioning of der in their years of appointment?			
	(i) G.V.K. Rao Committee				
	(ii) Study Team on Panchayat Raj Fin	nances			
	(iii) Ashok Mehta Committee				
	(iv) Balwantrai Mehta Committee				
	Codes:				
	a) (ii), (i), (iii) and (iv)				
	b) (iv), (i), (ii) and (iii)				
	c) (iii), (ii), (iv) and (i)				
	d) (i), (iii), (ii) and (iv)				
75.	The Joint Consultative Machinery in	India was established on the recommendation of:			
	a) First Pay Commission	b) Second Pay Commission			
	c) Third Pay Commission	d) Administrative Reforms Commission			
		_ 13 _ Contd			

PARTII

Subjective /conventional: Marks: 150

This Paper consist of:

A Short Answer questions (all compulsory) -5 marks each

- 1) New Public Management is dead; long live digital era of governance. Comment
- 2) "Environment conditions administrative system." (F.W.Riggs) Comment
- 3) Recruitment is the backbone of Public Administration. Explain
- 4) Civil service neutrality is a thing of the Past. Discuss.
- 5) In a hierarchy every employee tends to rise to his level of incompetence. Comment
- 6) Bureaucracy thrives under the cloak of ministerial responsibility in a parliamentary democracy.' Comment
- 7) Organization is a system of consciously coordinated activities or forces of two or more persons. Comment
- 8) The endurance of organization depends upon the quality of leadership. Comment
- 9) The process of change may create crisis in the system. Comment
- 10) Autonomy and accountability in Public enterprises cannot walk together. Explain

B. Attempt All Questions, each question carries 10 Marks.

- 1) Public Administration today stands at the crossroads of public choice theory, pluralism, corporatism & elitism. Discuss.
- 2) Weberian model of bureaucracy lacks empirical validity when applied to modern democratic administration." Examine.
- 3) Dror's Optimal Model is a fusion of the economically rational model with the extra rational model. Examine
- 4) The Hawthorne researches demonstrate the need to analyze organizations as living social structures. Comment
- 5) Three features characterize Simon's original view of bounded rationality: search for alternatives, satisficing, and aspiration adaptation.' Elucidate

C. Attempt all questions, each question carries 25 Marks.

- 1) British philosophy of administration is based on a unification of science of administration with ethics. Analyze.
- 2) "The 'New Public Management' (NPM) is an incarnation of a new model of public sector management in response of the challenges of liberation, international competitiveness and technological changes." Explain.